A RESOLUTION

To further amend the President's Public Health Emergency Declaration dated January 31, 2020, as amended on February 7, 2020, and further amended on March 11, 2020 and April 17, 2020.

- 1 WHEREAS, on January, 31, 2020, the President issued a Public
- 2 Health Emergency Declaration; and
- 3 WHEREAS in accordance to Article X, Section 9 (c) of the FSM
- 4 Constitution, Congress has the sole authority to revoke, amend or
- 5 extend the Public Health Emergency Declaration; and
- 6 WHEREAS, Congress is currently convened for its [Fifth
- 7 Special | Fourth Regular Session and therefore has the powers under
- 8 the Constitution to revoke, amend or extend the Declaration; and
- 9 WHEREAS, Congress has reviewed the Declaration, the
- 10 amendments, the clarifications and the decrees issued by the
- 11 President and has reviewed updated information on the COVID-19
- 12 becoming a pandemic soon after the adoption of the March 11, 2020,
- 13 amendment to the January 31, 2020, declaration, the facts
- 14 attending to the declaration, amendments, clarifications and
- 15 decrees, and has had several public hearings and has met and
- 16 conferred with the President and has considered the President's
- 17 requests for Congressional action; now, therefore,
- 18 BE IT RESOLVED by the Twenty-First Congress of the Federated
- 19 States of Micronesia, Fourth Regular Session, 2020, that:
- 20 (1) Pursuant to Article X, Section 9 (c) of the FSM

1 Constitution, Congress has the exclusive 2 authority to revoke, amend or extend the Emergency Declaration. The President may not 3 revoke, amend or extend the Emergency 4 Declaration. However, should there be a 5 6 confirmed case of COVID-19 within the FSM, the 7 President is authorized to amend the Declaration to respond to this situation only. 8

> Pursuant to Article X, Section 9 (a) of the FSM Constitution, the President may issue appropriate decrees related to the Emergency Declaration, other than to revoke, amend or extend the Emergency Declaration. Unless and until this Emergency Declaration is revoked by Congress, or it expires of it's own term, the President may not issue an additional or new Emergency Declaration to address the ongoing COVID-19 Pandemic. The purported declaration issued on March 14, 2020 by the President is null and void and all purported amendments, decrees and clarifications made pursuant to the purported declaration are also null and void. Most of the contents of the purported March 14, 2020 declaration and subsequent decrees thereof are

1 purposes. The contents thereof which are not 2 inconsistent or contradictory to the January 31, 2020 declaration as amended and as further 3 amended herein by Congress are hereby deemed 4 ratified as to their effectiveness and 5 6 implementation, relating back to their date of 7 issuance or implementation. (3) [The President shall discuss with the Governors 8 of all the 4 states the terms of the social 9 10 distancing requirements and other safety 11 precautions that shall be mandated, within 30 12 days, for the entire nation. The President is 13 urged to coordinate and consult with the state 14 governors and their task forces, with a view towards setting a national standard of social 15 distancing measures, and the National Task Force 16 17 shall support the states mandated implementation of the guidelines. The social distancing 18 standards and measures shall be widely publicized 19 20 throughout the nation. 21 (4) The Public Health Emergency Declaration in the 22 FSM dated January 31, 2020, is hereby further 23 amended to read: WHEREAS, the World Health Organization (WHO) has declared on 24 January 30, 2020 (January 31st 2020 Pohnpei time) that the new 25

- 1 Coronavirus (COVID-19) is a Public Health Emergency of
- 2 International Concern (PHEIC); and
- 3 WHEREAS, the WHO has declared on March 11, 2020, (March 12,
- 4 2020 Pohnpei time) that COVID-19 is a pandemic and this occurred
- 5 after Congress adopted it's March 11, 2020 amendment to the
- 6 January 31, 2020 declaration; and
- WHEREAS, the COVID-19 Pandemic exposes the FSM to an
- 8 undeniable vulnerability from the imminent and likely entry of the
- 9 virus to the islands unless the FSM National Government and the
- 10 State Governments resolves to implement effective and uniform
- 11 counter measures to combat the spread of this rare and deadly
- 12 virus across all of our states; and
- 13 WHEREAS, the National Government must mitigate the risk
- 14 factors associated with the undesirable spread of COVID-19
- 15 anywhere in the FSM, and for this purpose, the FSM must fast-track
- 16 nationwide, unified capacity building efforts which remain in
- 17 progress, intensify the surveillance and monitoring of
- 18 international airports and seaports in the country, and maintain
- 19 quarantine and travel restrictions, together and as a whole,
- 20 comprising the national efforts of combatting the spread of COVID-
- 21 19 as other countries around the world are doing; and
- 22 WHEREAS, the number of countries with confirmed and suspected
- 23 cases of COVID-19 keeps increasing and the number of deaths due to
- 24 COVID-19 have intensified with no signs of receding in the near
- 25 future; and

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WHEREAS, the citizens and residents of the FSM remain
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   extremely vulnerable to this outbreak, taking into consideration
   the fact that airline travel routes connecting into the FSM
   already have confirmed cases of COVID-19 in Hawaii and Guam and
   COVID-19 may very likely cause massive and widespread illnesses
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   and public health disasters that are beyond the ability and
   present resources of the FSM National and State Governments to
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   contain; and
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        WHEREAS, given the unrelenting global spread of COVID-19, and
   the reality that is already a pandemic, it becomes a matter of
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   legal duty and obligation of the National Government of the FSM,
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   its leadership and all officials of this Nation, to take all the
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   emergency precautions, measures and interventions as a matter of
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   acute emergency and necessity, in order to protect and save lives
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   of our citizens, especially the most vulnerable members of our
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   population, the elderly, the sick and the children;
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        NOW THEREFORE, I, David W. Panuelo, President of the
   Federated States of Micronesia, pursuant to the authority vested
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   upon me under Article X, Section 9 of the FSM Constitution, do
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   hereby place the entire territory of the Federated States of
   Micronesia under a state of emergency to address the effects of
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   COVID-19 and order as follows:
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                    Immediately, all ports of entry of the FSM shall
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                    be strengthened and are immediately placed under
                    strict monitoring and surveillance to ensure that
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the potential carriers of COVID-19 do not enter
into the FSM. All travellers must be screened
thoroughly for any signs or symptoms of COVID-19,
such as feeling tired, difficulty breathing, high
temperature (fever) and coughing and/or sore
throat.

- (2) All National border and security personnel (Customs, Immigration and Quarantine) are under a duty to intensify monitoring of the borders of this Nation and work very closely with the National and State Task Forces to implement a unified response.
- (3) Given the severity of the situation, as a matter of national security of this Nation and in the interest of maintaining good health and safety of our people, immediately upon its issuance, this Decree shall be disseminated to the public as widely as possible throughout the Nation, by radio, print media and by digital media. The FSM Emergency Task Force shall monitor the implementation, enforcement and full compliance of this emergency declaration and provide timely reports to the President.
- (4) Nationwide, unified travel bans must be enforced according to the terms of this declaration.

Persons travelling from any infected country, state or territory, are prohibited from entering into the FSM for as long as the COVID-19 Pandemic persists. Rare exceptions may be granted on a case-by-case basis, for certified health experts, technicians and workers assigned to assist the FSM with respect to COVID-19, returning medical referral patients, including if applicable, the remains of a deceased and the medical or family attendant, premised upon prior favorable advice, assessment and recommendation by the FSM Emergency Task Force, in consultation with the state task forces, and subject to all screening, detection, quarantine and isolation procedures and protocols of the State of destination.

any country, state or territory with confirmed cases of COVID-19 until further notice and until such time that a determination is made that the COVID-19 Pandemic is effectively contained.

Exceptions may be granted for FSM citizens who will be traveling to affected areas, who are legal residents of an affected area, and are returning to their homes or employment or for urgent medical treatment premised upon favorable

advice, assessment and recommendation by the FSM
Emergency Task Force.

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- (6) Other citizens, nationals and residents of the FSM are strongly advised against travel to any country, state or territory with confirmed cases of COVID-19, with the understanding that they may be prohibited from re-entry or may be subject to quarantine procedures upon return to the FSM.
- (7) Travel by air or sea between and within the FSM states is permitted for: essential personnel; people who are returning to their state of residence, employment, or location of their educational institution; or for a family emergency, as long as there are no confirmed cases of COVID-19 within any of the FSM states. Only air and sea travel that originates within the FSM states, by domestic air or sea carriers, is permitted, travel that originates outside of the FSM is not permitted. [(ie. flights) Flights originating in Guam or Hawaii or any other affected area are not permitted and ships originating from any affected area are not permitted). All passengers will be screened at the airport or seaport prior to check in or boarding and are subject to health screening

1 procedures in the FSM state of destination. Any

2 passenger exhibiting symptoms of COVID-19 will

not be permitted to board the plane or ship. Any

4 passenger that develops symptoms during transit

5 will be permitted to enter at their final

6 destination, but will subject to

7 quarantine/isolation requirements.

(8) Because of the lack of available quarantine and isolation facilities within the FSM, no passengers shall be permitted to disembark into

the FSM from any air or sea vessel that originates outside the FSM, subject to the

exceptions in Section 4, for FSM citizens

international travel and Section (9) for

15 commercial sea vessels.

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i. However, the National Task Force shall work

in consultation with each of the states for the

18 purpose of establishing and further developing

19 <u>their quarantine and isolation facilities</u>

20 standards and capabilities. When the facilities

21 <u>within any of the states are developed to</u>

acceptable standards, the states will work with

the National Task Force to develop a plan for

24 repatriation of FSM citizens, FSM students and

the return of FSM residents, to include FSM

1 government officials and members of the FSM 2 diplomatic corps. The National Task Force shall 3 work with international air carriers to notify them of the procedures that will be followed 4 5 including scheduling of arrivals, pre-screening, 6 screening upon arrival and quarantine and 7 isolation requirements. ii. The authority to regulate foreign and 8 9 interstate commerce is expressly granted to 10 Congress in the Constitution, FSM Const. art. IX, § 2(g). FSM Const. art. XIII § 3. requires the 11 12 national and state governments to uphold the provisions of the Constitution and to advance the 13 14 principles of unity upon which the Constitution is founded. These travel restrictions may not be 15 16 amended by the states; they may only be amended 17 by Congressional Resolution if Congress is in 18 session, or by written communication signed by the majority of the Committee of Health and 19 20 Social Affairs if Congress is not in session. 21 Commercial sea vessels (defined as: fishing (9) 22 vessels, cargo vessels and oil tankers) traveling 23 to the FSM for the purpose of trade and commerce, are subject to the following: 24 25 a. Commercial sea vessels are required to abide

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at all times with the precautionary measures and protocols set by the FSM National Government in coordination with the National and State task forces.

- (10) Fishing vessels, other than the domestic fleet, are subject to the following:
 - a. [With the exception of transshipment activities in Kosrae by purse seine fishing vessels and of activities falling under section (b) hereof, all transshipment activities are to be carried out in designated transshipment areas to be identified by the National Oceanic Resource and Management Authority (NORMA). A designated transshipment area will be in the territorial waters beyond the three nautical miles zone from baselines. NORMA shall issue appropriate guidelines regulating the transshipment.] All transshipment activities are to be carried out in designated transshipment areas to be identified by the National Oceanic Resource Management Authority (NORMA). A designated transshipment area will be in port areas or in territorial waters beyond the three nautical miles zone from baselines. NORMA shall issue appropriate guidelines regulating the transshipment.

1	b. Carri	er vessels supporting transshipment
2	activ	rities of the domestic fleets are
3	permi	tted to enter the anchorage area for
4	trans	shipping purposes only, subject to
5	state	e health screening procedures.
6	c. Longl	ine (LL) fishing vessels are allowed to
7	come	to port for transshipment purposes,
8	subje	ect to the additional measures
9	estab	olished by NORMA for the avoidance of
10	COVII	0-19, and observing the following
11	guide	elines:
12	i. Fı	resh LL fishing vessels are allowed to
13	tı	cansship at port; PROVIDED, THAT, there
14	sh	nall be no contact at anytime prior to
15	th	ne transshipment.
16	ii. Fı	cozen LL fishing vessels are allowed to
17	tı	cansship at port; PROVIDED, THAT, the
18	fi	shing vessels observe the 14-day
19	qı	arantine at sea, and no crewmembers are
20	al	lowed to disembark at port. The 14-day
21	qı	narantine is counted from the date of
22	la	ast contact.
23	iii. Fo	or the purpose of Section (b) hereof,
24	ar	nd any part of this decree where its
25	ag	oplication is deemed relevant, "contact"

refers to human interaction of less than four (4) feet between a crewmember of one fishing vessel and another crewmember of another fishing vessel, or any other human to human contact external to fishing vessel operations.

- iv. Bartering, trading and local sale of fish are prohibited. No person is allowed to approach, in the transshipment and Anchorage area, any fishing vessel, or have any contact therewith, at any time during the effective period of this declaration.
- d. Domestic fishing vessels are allowed to call port in the FSM States for repair, maintenance and provisioning purposes at the Anchorage area, and shall remain in the Anchorage area during repairs, maintenance and provisioning. For the purposes of this section, domestic fishing vessels are fishing vessels that are flagged in the FSM or have a base of operation anywhere in the FSM States. On a case by case basis, NORMA may, in consultation with the states, grant approval for required repairs and maintenance to be

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completed at the dock for any repairs or maintenance that cannot be carried out at the anchorage area, subject to no human-to-human contact during said repairs. A written plan outlining the safety procedures that will be followed must be submitted to NORMA for approval at least 72 hours prior to the requested repairs.

- e. With respect to transshipment at sea, Immigration and Customs clearance procedures shall be conducted electronically with the intention of avoiding or minimizing contact. For the duration of the emergency procedure concerning transshipment at sea, quarantine procedures are suspended until further notice.
- f. Transshipment at sea shall be monitored thoroughly by the relevant national department or agency, in particular, the Department of Justice (DOJ) and NORMA, to ensure compliance with this directive. NORMA and DOJ, on behalf of the National Emergency Task Force, shall coordinate with the State authorities to ensure that the transshipment activities are not unduly delayed or interfered with by any

- g. It is part of these requirements that 72 hours prior to transshipment, notice shall be provided in advance to NORMA and DOJ using applicable forms of reporting. Included in the notice are the body temperatures of all crewmembers of the fishing vessels intending to transship, taken at 24-hour intervals prior to transshipment. (at 72 hours, at 48 hours and at 24 hours). Information on body temperatures may be shared with the State authorities for health assessment and coordination purposes.
- h. These restrictions are a temporary emergency measure, which shall remain in effect until further notice. Any violation of these restrictions shall be subject to penalty set by law pursuant to 11 F.S.M.C. §803. The Secretary of Justice is ordered to take all measures available within the law to ensure enforcement of these restrictions.
- (11) A task force is hereby established to coordinate all activities that need to be undertaken and measures that must be formulated and uniformly implemented in connection with the COVID-19

 Pandemic. The Department of Health and Social

1	Affairs is designated as the lead department and
2	chair of the Task Force, which will be
3	responsible for setting up plans to provide any
4	necessary measures that will ensure that the
5	movement of people and international travellers
6	do not cause the introduction of COVID-19
7	anywhere in the FSM. The members of the Task
8	Force are the following:
9	a. Department of Environment, Climate Change and
10	<pre>Emergency Management (DECCEM);</pre>
11	b. Department of Foreign Affairs;
12	c. Department of Finance and Administration;
13	d. Department of Transportation, Communications
14	and Infrastructure (TC&I);
15	e. Department of Justice;
16	f. Department of Resources and Development (R&D);
17	g. Department of Education;
18	h. FSM Division of Immigration;
19	i. Representatives of the Private Sector;
20	j. Representatives of State Governments as
21	recommended by the State Governors;
22	k. Development Partners;
23	1. Representatives of Faith Groups; and
24	m. Representatives of Traditional Leaders.
25	(12) The Task Force shall convene immediately upon

issuance of this order and provide the President

with timely reports and updates.

(13) Up to the sum of \$700,000, received as balance and available under the Disaster Relief Fund (DRF) accounts set up under Title 55 of the Code of the Federated States of Micronesia (Annotated), from prior declarations of emergencies, is hereby decreed for this Public Health Emergency Declaration. This fund shall be used in any manner necessary to deal with the public health emergency, including the mitigation of costs for people affected by the travel ban instituted by the emergency declaration. The Emergency Task Force shall develop suitable criteria for the mitigation of costs for President's approval.

1 of COVID-19. (15) Expenditures of the decreed funds are subject to 2 full accounting. Within 20 days after the end of 3 the emergency, the Chair of the Task Force, with 4 the assistance of the Secretary of Finance and 5 6 Administration and staff, shall provide the 7 President with a full report on the expenditure of funds, and shall submit the report to Congress 8 9 no later than 30 days after the emergency is 10 over. (16) The Department of Finance shall identify sources 11 12 of replenishment for the decreed funds and 13 recommend to the President, as soon as practical, 14 additional supplemental budget request to 15 Congress. (17) During the emergency, a civil right may be 16 17 impaired only to the extent actually required for 18 the preservation of peace, health or safety. The normal requirement of competitive bidding is 19 20 waived for any procurement made in connection 21 with this declaration of emergency. (18) Unless sooner revoked by Congress, this Emergency 22 23 Declaration is in effect until [May] July 31,

(19) All previous amendments and clarifications to the

2020.

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1 Public Health Emergency Declaration are hereby 2 revoked. BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the President shall disseminate 3 widely the Public Health Declaration of Emergency as amended by Congress, and any subsequent decrees and clarifications made by the President pursuant to this Resolution; and 7 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that certified copies of this resolution be transmitted to the President of the Federated States of Micronesia, the Chief Justice of the FSM Supreme Court, the 10 Governors of Chuuk, Kosrae, Pohnpei and Yap States, the presiding officers of the four state legislatures, and the heads of the 11 12 airports and seaports in Chuuk, Kosrae Pohnpei and Yap. 13 14 Date: 5/26/20 Introduced by: /s/ Wesley W. Simina Wesley W. Simina 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25